# Stonewall FOREVER A Living Monument to 50 Years of Pride

Stonewall Forever was created through a partnership between New York City's LGBT Community Center and the National Park Service, with the support of Google to expand access to LGBTQ history in commemoration of the 50th anniversary of the Stonewall Riots.

Stonewall Forever





# Take PRIDE In Your Health

**Trillium Health Summit** 



#### Disclaimer

This presentation is for educational and informational purposes only and may not be construed as medical advice. The information is not intended to replace medical advice offered by your provider.

#### **Kody Kinsley**

Secretary of the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services

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# 988 North Carolina Suicide Prevention

**June 2024** 

Lisa DeCiantis MA, LCMHC Crisis Team Lead

N.C. Department of Health and Human Services
Division of Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities
and Substance Use Services

#### **Crisis Continuum**

#### Someone to Call



- 988
- BH Crisis Lines\*
- Peer Warm Line

#### Someone to Respond



- Mobile Crisis Team Response
- MORES
- Co-responder model

#### Somewhere to Go



- Behavioral Health Urgent Care (BHUC)
- Facility Based Crisis (FBC)
- Peer and Community
  Respite
- NC START

\*Includes BH Crisis Lines operated by or contracted with LME-MCOs/TPs, SPs, BCBS

#### **Continuation of Care**

- Next-week appointments
- Mobile Crisis follow-up
- Connection to bed registry/BHUC network
- Connection to current providers
- Connection to Health Plan

#### 988: Suicide and Crisis Lifeline

- National 9-8-8 Suicide and Crisis Lifeline was launched on July 16, 2022
- 24-hour access to trained crisis counselors
- Reached through
  - 988 or 1-800-273-TALK (8255) call/text
  - Text Ayuda to 988
  - 988lifeline.org or 988lineadevida.org/—chat

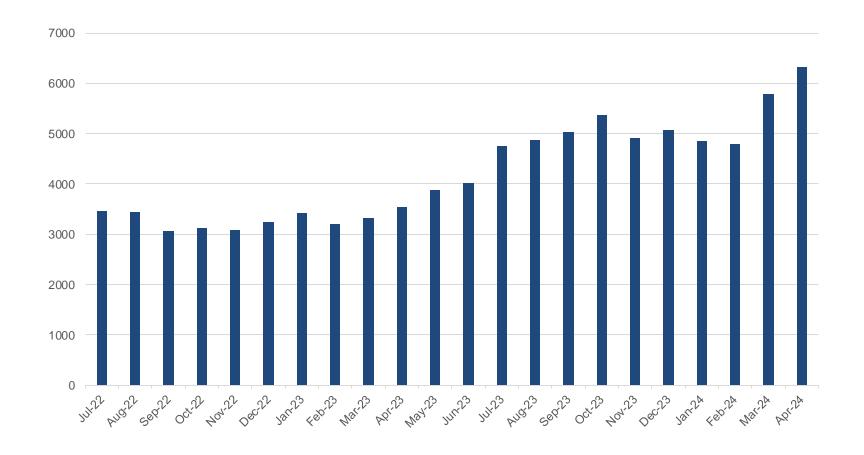


- Calls routed to call center based on caller's area code
  - Intro message comes on with prompts
    - Press "2" Spanish (average 174 per month)
    - Press "1" Veterans line (average 1,933)
    - Press "3" LGBTQ+ (ages 13 24) (average 423 since July 2023)
  - Video phone caller directly routed to American Sign Language call center
- Assessment will determine the need for further intervention (Mobile Crisis, Law Enforcement, Warm Hand-off to LMEs, Referral to community)

#### 988: Facts & Figures

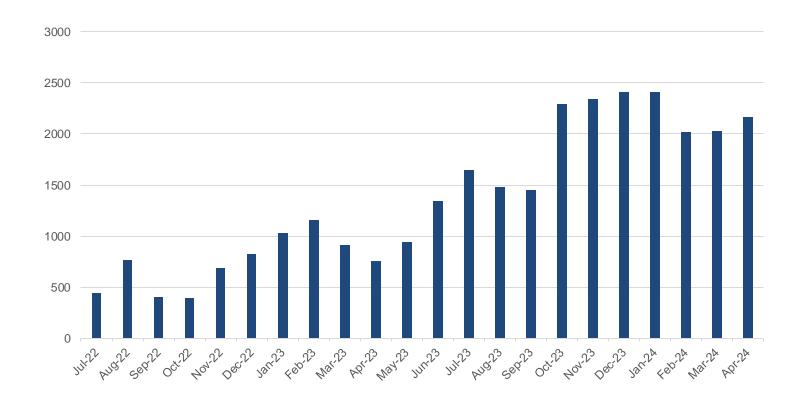
- Every person who connects with 988 is offered support
- Currently, about 8,000 people reach out 988 each month in North Carolina
- 60% of individuals are reaching out for the first time
- 40% are repeat callers looking for additional support
- 75% of individuals with thoughts of suicide reported improvement in how they were feeling by the end of their call
- North Carolina's average speed to answer is 14 seconds, while the national average is 39 seconds

#### 988 Call Volume



• 79% increase in people calling since April 2023

#### 988 Chat/Text Volume

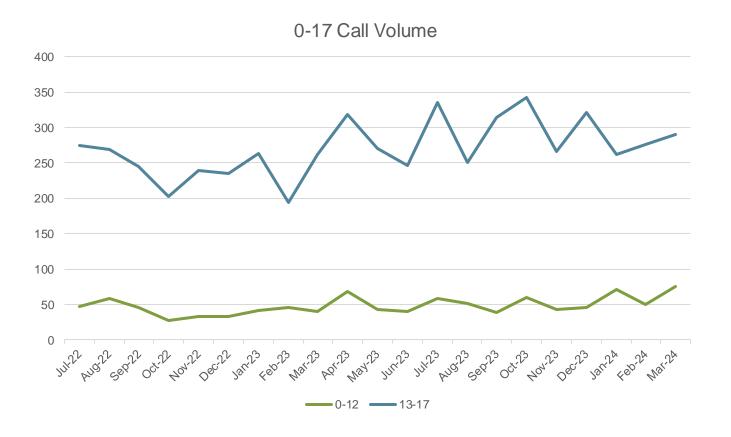


185% increase in chat/text volume since April 2023

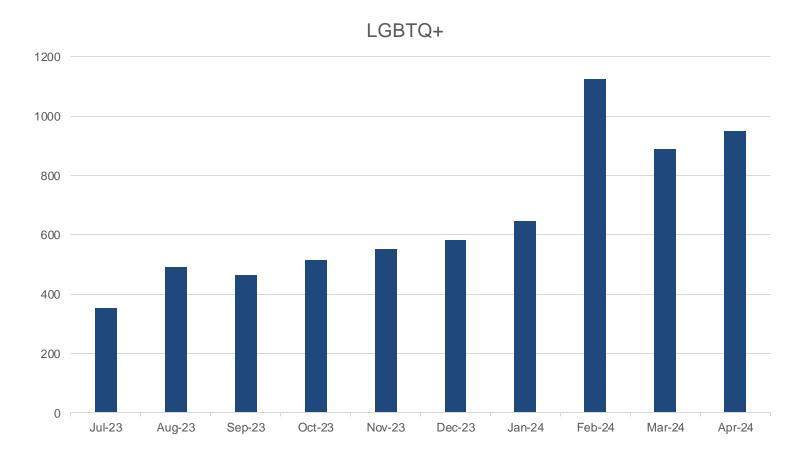
#### **Trevor Project**

Recent data from the <u>Trevor Project's 2024 U.S. National Survey on the Mental Health of LGBTQ+ Young People</u> highlights a stark reality: LGBTQIA+ youth continue to face significantly higher rates of mental health challenges and suicide compared to their non-LGBTQIA+ peers.

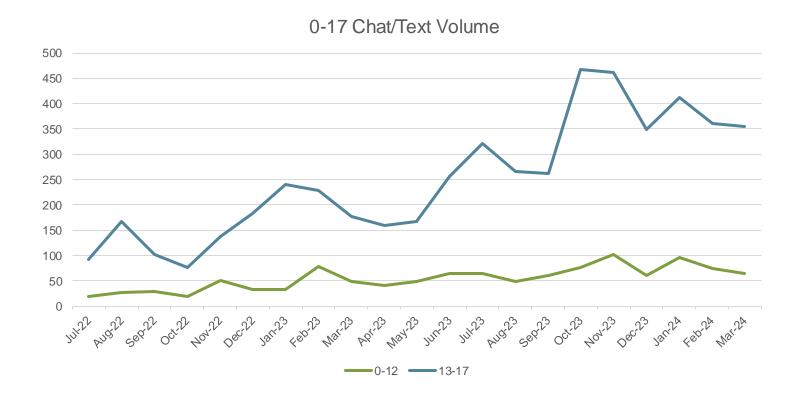
- 39% of LGBTQ+ young people seriously considered attempting suicide in the past year including 46% of transgender and nonbinary young people. LGBTQ+ youth of color reported higher rates than White peers.
- More than 1 in 10 (12%) LGBTQ+ young people attempted suicide in the past year.
- 50% of LGBTQ+ young people who wanted mental health care in the past year were not able to get it.
- Nearly half (49%) of LGBTQ+ young people ages 13-17 experienced bullying in the past year, and those who did reported significantly higher rates attempting suicide in the past year than those who did not experience bullying.
- 45% of transgender and nonbinary young people reported that they or their family have considered moving to a different state because of LGBTQ+-related politics and laws.



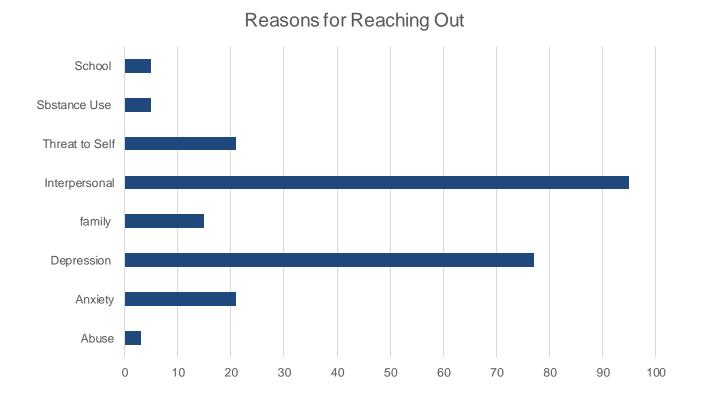
- March 2023 March 2024
  - 0-12 years 76% increase in call volume
  - 13-17 yeas 11% increase in call volume



- LGBTQ+ line for youth and young adults went live July 2023
- NC has continued to see an increase in individuals reaching out through text or pressing "3" when they call 988.
- February had the most North Carolinians reaching out with 1,126 connections



- March 2023 March 2024
  - 0-12 years 33% increase in chat/text volume
  - 13-17 yeas 100% increase in chat/text volume



- Reasons for reaching out match the overall population with the 4 most being:
  - Interpersonal
  - Depression
  - Threat to Self
  - Anxiety

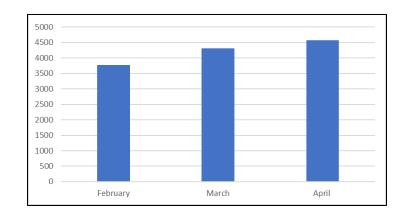




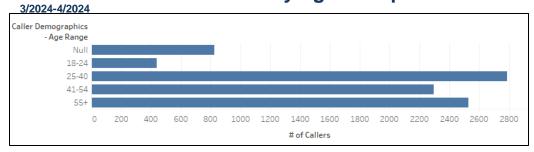
- Launched February 2024
- 24/7 support from people with lived experience

#### **Peer Warm Line Data**

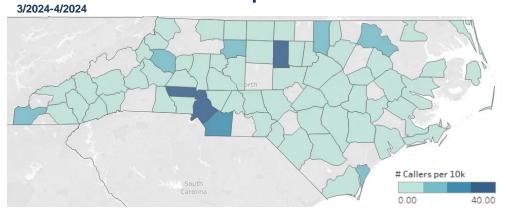
#### **Peer Warm Line: # of Callers by Month**



#### Peer Warm Line: # Callers by Age Group



#### Peer Warm Line: Callers per 10k





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## Thank you to our gracious sponsor



#### Who is LGBTQ+?

- An estimated 18.34 million adults in the United States (7.1%) self-identity as LGBTQ+, with more than half identifying as bisexual.
- Almost the same percentage of United States youth identify as LGBTQ+.
- Combined, over 14% of the US population identifies as LGBTQ+ and are represented in the following studies and data on the unique challenges facing the queer community, especially our youth.

#### What's with all the letters?!

LGBTQIA+ is an acronym that encompasses diverse sexualities and gender identities.



Terms for identities are constantly evolving and expanding







Transgender

Queer or Questioning

Intersex

Ace (asexual, aromantic)

Includes all sexual and gender identities, such as non-binary, demisexual, and pansexual

#### Terms to Know

- Gender vs. Sex
- Binary vs. Spectrum

Gender Identity is your internal experience of your identity. It's not what your body looks like or acts like, it's how you feel and understand yourself (cisgender, transgender, nonbinary, gender fluid)

Sex Assigned at Birth (AFAB, AMAB) is the scientific categorization for humans as male, female, or intersex.

**Sexual Orientation is** to whom you are attracted romantically or physically (straight, gay/lesbian, bisexual, pansexual)

Gender Expression: is the outward expression of an individual based on their own understanding of their identity (clothing, accessories, hair, make up, etc.)



#### Pronouns

#### Key take aways

- Do not assume gender
- Accept the individual
- Practice with a friend
- Quickly correct and move on if you make a mistake

## HELLO, I'M

SUBJECTIVE	OBJECTIVE	POSSESSIVE	REFLEXIVE
He	Him	His	Himself
She	Her	Hers	Herself
They	Them	Theirs	Themself
Ze	Zir	Zirs	Zirself
Sie	Hir	Hirs	Hirself

This is not a complete list.

#### TERMS Hey beautiful Everyone people TENS GLORIES HO Homo Movers & SCHOLARS CALS Shakers SCHOLARS CALS Snicker HAPPY THEYDIES & FEOPLE GENTLETHEN Line & Other lajam @sylviaduckworth Inspired by @sara\_levine & @themilajam

#### The Experiences of LGBTQ+ Youth in Our Nation's Schools

#### **SAFETY**

- 81.8% of LGBTQ+ students in the survey reported feeling unsafe in school because of at least one of their actual or perceived personal characteristics.
- 68% of LGBTQ+ students felt unsafe at school because of their sexual orientation, gender identity and/or gender expression (SOGIE).
- 78.8% of LGBTQ+ students reported avoiding school functions or extracurricular activities because they felt unsafe.
- Nearly a fifth of LGBTQ+ students (16.2%) reported having ever changed schools due to feeling unsafe or uncomfortable at school.

#### **GLSEN**

# The 2021 National School Climate Survey EXECUTIVE SUMMARY





#### HARASSEMENT AND ASSAULT AT SCHOOL

91.8% of LGBTQ+ students reported hearing negative remarks about gender expression.

66.7% heard these remarks from teachers or other school staff.

58% of students reported hearing homophobic remarks from teachers and/or staff.

72% reported hearing negative remarks about gender expression from teachers and/or staff.

The vast majority of LGBTQ+ students who attended school in-person at some point during the 2021-2022 academic year (83.1%) experienced inperson harassment or assault based on personal characteristics.

53.7% of LGBTQ+ students were sexually harassed (e.g., unwanted touching or sexual remarks) in the past year at school. One in five (19%) lesbian, gay and bisexual high school-aged students say they have been forced to have sex, compared with 6% of heterosexual students.

61.5% of LGBTQ+ students who were harassed or assaulted in school did not report the incident to school staff with **70% of those citing they did not report it because they did not think school staff would do anything about the harassment if they did report it.** 

#### Effects of a Hostile School Climate 2021

#### LGBTQ+ Students experiencing higher levels of victimization:

- Had lower GPAs than non-LGBTQ+ peers
- Were nearly twice as likely to report they did not plan to pursue any postsecondary education
- Were more likely to be disciplined at school
- Had lower self-esteem and higher levels of depression

# HOSTILE SCHOOL CLIMATES NEGATIVELY AFFECT LGBT STUDENTS' EDUCATIONAL SUCCESS AND WELL-BEING

Experiencing higher levels of victimization and discrimination leads to **worse outcomes** for LGBT students:









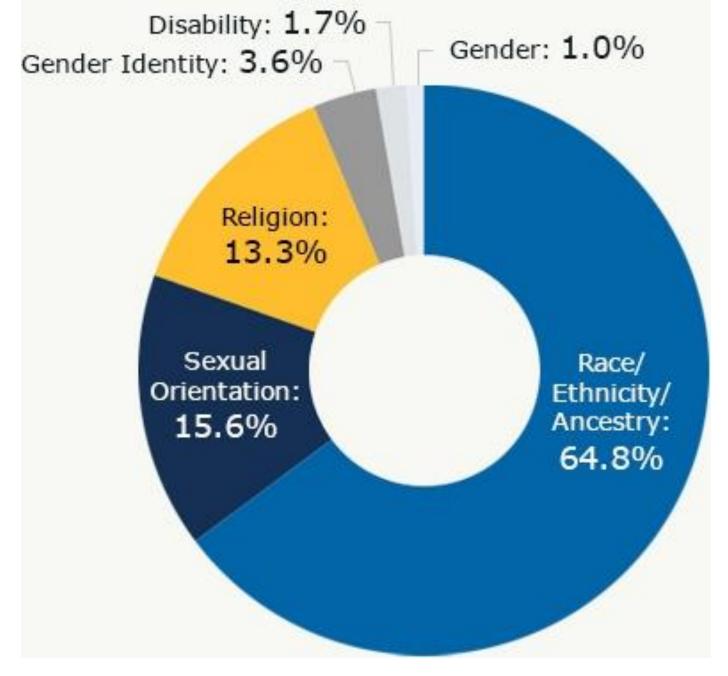
LEARN MORE IN GLSEN'S LATEST
NATIONAL SCHOOL CLIMATE SURVEY AT GLSEN.ORG/NSCS GLSEN®

#### LGBTQ+ Realities: Physical Violence

In 2022, SOGIE was 2<sup>nd</sup> highest motivator of reported hate crimes at a combined total of 20.2%

#### Compared to non-LGBTQ+

- LGBTQ+ individuals 16 years+ are 4 times more likely to experience violent victimization.
- LGBTQ+ individuals are 6 times more likely to experience violence by someone who is well known to them.



Department of Justice, 2022

#### LGBTQ+ Realities: Minority Stress and Mental Health

- LGBTQ+ individuals are almost 3 times more likely than others to experience a mental health condition such as major depression or generalized anxiety disorder.
- Trans individuals are 4 times more likely than cisgender individuals to experience a mental health condition.



LGBTQ individuals are almost 3 times more likely than others to experience a mental health condition such as major depression or generalized anxiety disorder.

An estimated 20-30% of LGBTQ people abuse substances, compared to about 9% of the general population.

Major factors that contribute to substance use by LGBTQ people include prejudice, discrimination, lack of cultural competency in the health care system and lack of peer support.



#### STIGMA AND PREJUDICE

LGBTQ people must confront prejudice based on their sexual orientation or gender identity while also dealing with stigma against mental health conditions.

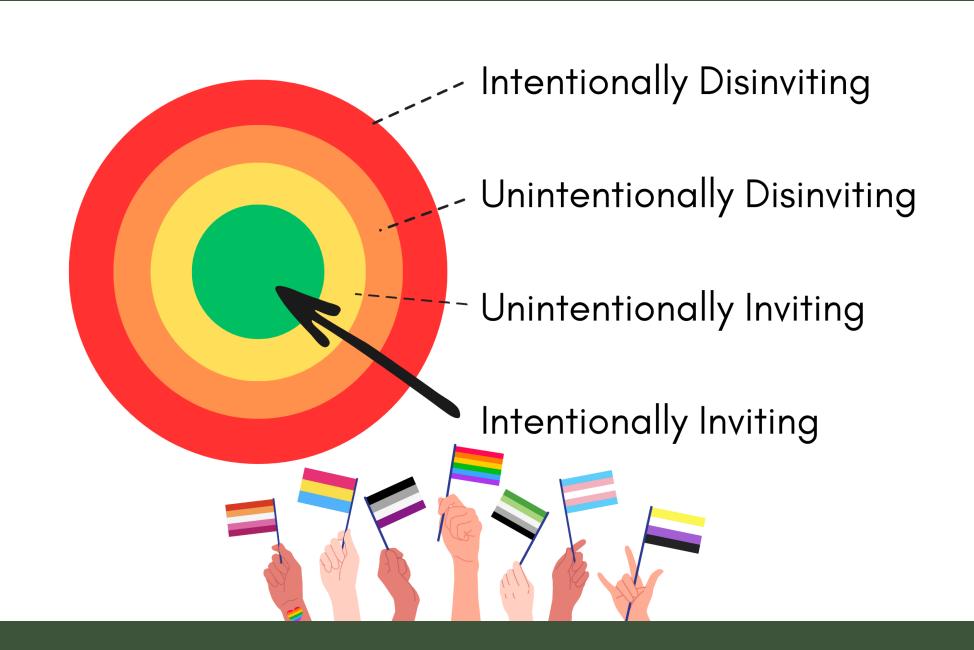


LGBTQ youth are 4 times more likely and questioning youth are 3 times more likely to attempt suicide.





# How Do We Change These Outcomes?



#### Creating a Climate of Acceptance and Inclusion

#### **Allyship**

- Do Not Assume Don't judge a book by its cover
  - Do not assume gender or sexuality by outward expression
  - Use chosen/preferred names/pronouns for LGBTQ+ individuals
  - Humans are NOT born bullies, we learn it. Have conversations with your children, their friends and yours about the expectation of nonbullying and kindness towards everyone.
  - Whenever possible, use nongendered language to be inclusive "Friends", instead of "Ladies and Gentlemen".
  - If you see or hear something, say something. Stop bullying or harassment when you see it, IF it is safe to do so. Not intervening tells the victim they are not worth protecting and the bully it is ok to be abusive to others.

#### **Resources and Education**

- Learn and Share More!
  - Seek out reliable, informed sources to expand your knowledge local LGBTQ+ support organization, Trevor Project, Trans Lifeline, GLSEN, GLAAD.
  - Connect to other parents and allies for support and information many LGBTQ+ groups have support and discussion groups for youth and parents or create one!

#### Creating a Climate of Acceptance and Inclusion

#### **Review Company/School/Organizational Documents and Policies**

- Intentionality matters Small changes can have a big impact.
  - Review anti-bullying policies to ensure they name groups more frequently targeted for harassment (actual or perceived gender identity, gender expression, sexual orientation, race, etc.).
  - Update forms to include options outside gender binary and offer spaces to share gender and pronouns.
  - If not already in place, establish written policies that support staff/educators in creating welcoming and inclusive environments.
  - Create a "We Believe" statement of inclusion and display/share prominently.
  - Include pronouns in email signature and other correspondence.

#### Remember...

- A climate of acceptance is key to ensuring everyone feels safe, welcome, and loved.
- We are preparing our youth for the future. An important role of education is to increase understanding and connections in a diverse and everchanging world.
- We are talking about individuals and families of all kinds.
- We are talking about respect that is first built on acknowledgement.
- Communication is essential for building trust.
- Kindness **always** counts.



## Thank You!



www.sandhillspride.org

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Transforming Lives.

Building Community Well-Being.



# HIV and AIDS Awareness LGBTQ+ and Intersectional Communities

Let's Stop HIV Together

latinoaids.org; hispanicfederation.org



## Introduction-Lets Stop HIV Together

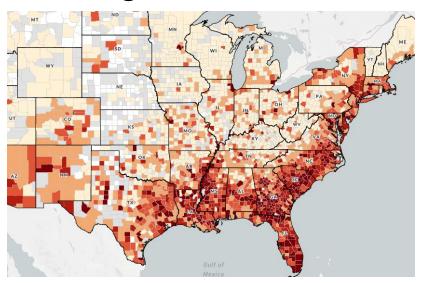


- HIV the forgotten epidemic
- LGBTQ+ people and Intersectionality
- Common preventative measures
- Impacts on marginalized communities
- Role of cultural components in prevention

## HIV and AIDS - The forgotten epidemic.



- Since 1981 85+ million people worldwide contracted HIV
- About 40 million people have died from HIV, AIDS, or related complications
- In 2022, about 39 million people are living with HIV<sup>1</sup>



## The HIV Epidemic and Intersectionality



#### Intersectionality

- People with ID/D
- People who are LatinX or BIPOC
- ACE Scores and Foster Youth
- People with justice experience
- Truck drivers and sex workers

#### The HIV Epidemic and Latinx Communities



#### Social Determinants of Health

- Economic stability
- Healthcare access and interpreter services
- Neighborhood and environment
- Social and community

#### **HIV Prevention**



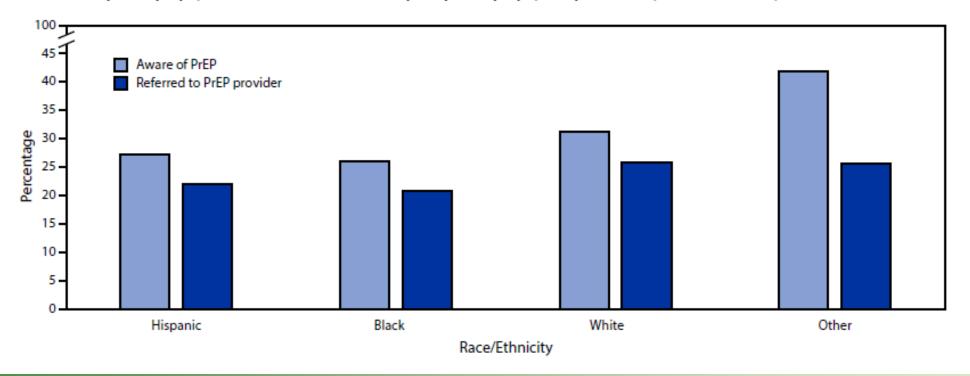
- Abstinence
- Avoid sharing needles
- Use condoms during sex
- Knowing HIV status (testing)
- Treatment: Undetectable = un-transmissible

#### **HIV Prevention**



- PrEP (Pre-exposure prophylaxis)
- PEP (Post-exposure prophylaxis)<sup>5</sup>

FIGURE. Preexposure prophylaxis awareness and referral to preexposure prophylaxis providers, by race and ethnicity\* — United States, 2019<sup>†,§</sup>



## **LGBTQ+ Community**



Transforming Lives. Building Community Well-Being.



- Hostility
- Bias and biased language
- Access to accurate information
- Access to community based organization







#### Interventions

- Best practice language, safe places, visual cues, honest conversations
- Information availability
- Community based organizations that provide testing and counseling

### People with ID/D



#### Barriers

- Navigating romantic relationships
- Risks of abuse and assault
- Access to sexual education<sup>8</sup>

#### Interventions

- Supported living that integrates sexual education and prevention in whole person care
- Engaging Peer Support Specialists
- Talking candidly about romantic relationships and HIV prevention
- Encourage empowerment through prevention, testing, treatment

#### The HIV Epidemic and Latinx Communities



- Latinx and Hispanic people 16% of the US population
- 19% of people living with HIV
- 21% of new HIV infections
- Rate of new infections is 2<sup>nd</sup> highest of any ethnic group, 3x higher than that of Whites<sup>2</sup>

#### **The Latinx Communities**



- Latinx people living with HIV increased 8% from 2008-2010, faster than other racial/ethnic groups<sup>3</sup>
- New HIV infections, about half are among adolescents and young adults (13-34)<sup>2</sup>
- ▲ New HIV infections, 68% among men who have sex with men<sup>2</sup>

#### **LatinX Cultural Barriers**



#### Family context and differential acculturation

- Respeto—the cultural value for maintaining respectful hierarchical relationships
- Competing values among family, media, and social influences
- Negative implications for communication across generations

#### Intervention

- Clarify attitudes towards sex across age differences
- Encourage parents to discuss social norms—home, school, church—and how they differ
- Connect prevention with health of self, family, and community<sup>7</sup>

#### **BIPOC Communities**



#### Barriers

- Black people were 41% of new HIV infections in 2019
- ORacism, discrimination, stigma, homophobia
- Low percentage of viral suppression to reach undetectable
- Mistrust in the health care system

#### Interventions

- Complete and accurate information
- Engaging with communities, community health workers
- Addressing social barriers, building safe and supportive communities

#### Other Intersectional Risks



- Adverse Childhood Experience (ACE) Score
  - Educating on associated risks
- Foster Youth ~30% LGBTQ+
  - Educating youth, facilities, and families
  - Encouraging empowerment
- People with justice experience
  - Continuity of care
  - Rapid linkage to care on release
- Marginalized professions
  - Take advantage of each interaction

#### Conclusion



- Let's stop HIV together
- HIV the forgotten epidemic
- Communities disproportionately affected by HIV
- HIV prevention, testing, and treatment
  - Complete and accurate information
  - Eliminate stigma and bias
  - Empower communities

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## **Panel Discussion**

## **Closing Remarks**